HSNC University Mumbai

(Established by Government of Maharashtra vide notification dated 30th October, 2019 under section 3(6) of Maharashtra Public Universities Act)



Ordinances and Regulations

With Respect to

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

For the Programmes

Under

The Faculty of Commerce & Management

With effect from the

Academic year 2020-21



HSNC UNIVERSITY, MUMBAI

Board of Faculty of Commerce and Management

Board of Studies in the Subjects of Financial Markets

- 1) Name of Chairperson/Co-Chairperson/Coordinator:-
 - a) Dr.Tasneem Razmi, Chairperson, Assistant Professor- Accounting and Finance, HR College, HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020. Email IDtasneemrazmi@gmail.com Mobile no- 9820478500
 - b) Ms. Ritika Pathak, Co- Chairperson, Assistant Professor and Head-Department of BAF/BBI/BFM/BMS, KC College, HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020. Email ID- ritika.pathak@kccollege.edu.in, Mobile no- 9819690065.
- 2) Two to five teachers each having minimum five years teaching experience amongst the full time teachers of the Departments, in the relevant subject.
 - a) Dr Kulvinder Kaur, Assistant Professor- KC College, HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai – 400 020. Email ID kulvinderkaur.batth@kccollege.edu.in, Mobile No-9833060902

- b) CA Tanzila Khan, Assistant Professor-KC College, HSNC University, Email Id: tanzila.khan@kccollege.edu.in, Mobile No- 9892151571
- c) Ms. Bharti Jethani, Assistant Professor- HR College, HSNC University, Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020 Email ID- bharti_jethani06@yahoo.co.in , Mobile No- 9665403944
- d) Mr Manish Malkani , Assistant Professor, HR College, HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020 Email IDmanish_malkani@yahoo.com, Mobile No- 9820840241
- 3) One Professor / Associate Professor from other Universities or professor / Associate Professor from colleges managed by Parent Body;
 - a) Prof. Sundar Ram Korivi, Professor, Senior Consultant, NIFM, Email IDsundfina9@gmail.com, Mobile No- 9987296128
- 4) Four external experts from Industry / Research / eminent scholar in the field relevant to the subject nominated by the Parent Body;
 - a) Mr. Kunal Rambhia, Fund Manager, The Streets, Mumbai, Email ID <u>kunal@thestreets.co.in</u> Mobile no- 9820368847
 - b) Mr. Madhukar Pant, National Head, IDFC First Bank, Mumbai, Email ID pantmadhukar1@gmail.com Mobile no-9833368048
 - c) Dr Ajay Mittal, Vice president research, training and development, SBI Funds, Mumbai, Email ID – ajay.mittal@sbif.com, Mobile no-9833112390

5.) Top rankers of the Final Year Graduate and Final Year Post Graduate examination of previous year of the concerned subject as invitee members for discussions on framing or revision of syllabus of that subject or group of subjects for one year.

- a) Mr. Nizar Mesani, Equity research analyst, Goldman Sachs, Email idnizarmesani99@gmail.com, Mobile no- 9833988771
- b) Ms. Hetanshi Kamdar, Director, ACK Capital Management Pvt Ltd, Email IDhetanshi.kamdar@gmail.com, Mobile no- 9833590983
- c) Ms Mohini Mahadevia, Proprietor, Solufin financial planners, Email IDmohinimahadevia@gmail.com ,Mobile no- 983314032

Part I

Outline of Choice Based Credit System as per University Grants Commission guidelines as under:

R. **** : The definitions of the key terms used in the Choice Based Credit System from the Academic Year 2020-2021 are as under:

1. **Core Course:** A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.

2. **Elective Course:** Generally, a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.

2.1 **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course**: Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective.

The University/Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of **interdisciplinary** nature (to be offered by main discipline/subject of study).

2.2 **Dissertation/Project**: An elective course designed to acquire Special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work, and a candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member is called dissertation/project. **A Project/Dissertation work would be of 6 credits.** A Project/Dissertation work may be given in lieu of a discipline specific elective paper.

2.3 Generic Elective (GE) Course: An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective.

A core course offered in a discipline/subject may be treated as an elective by other discipline/subject and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.

3. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC): The Ability Enhancement (AE)

Courses may be of two kinds: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) and Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC).

"AECC" courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement; SEC courses are value-based and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-on-training, competencies, skills, etc.

4. Choice Base Credit System (CBCS):

CBCS allows students to choose inter-disciplinary, intra-disciplinary courses, skill oriented papers (even from other disciplines according to their learning needs, interests and aptitude) and more flexibility for students.

5. Honours Program

To enhance employability and entrepreneurship abilities among the learners, through aligning Inter Disciplinary / Intra Disciplinary courses with Degree Program. Honours Program will have 40 additional credits to be undertaken by the learner across three years essentially in Inter / Intra Disciplinary course.

A learner who joins Regular Undergraduate Program can opt for Honours Program in the first year of the Program. However, the credits for Honours, though divided across three years can be completed within three years to become eligible for award of Honours Degree.

6. Program:

A Program is a set of courses that are linked together in an academically meaningful way and generally ends with the award of a Degree Certificate depending on the level of knowledge attained and the total duration of study of Undergraduate Programs.

7. Course:

A 'course' is essentially a constituent of a 'program' and may be conceived of as a composite of several learning topics taken from a certain knowledge domain, at a certain level. All the learning topics included in a course must necessarily have academic coherence, i.e. there must be a common thread linking the various components of a course. A number of linked courses considered together are in practice, a 'program'.

8. Bridge Course:

Bridge course is visualized as Pre semester preparation by the learner before commencement of regular lectures. For each semester the topics, whose knowledge is considered as essential for effective and seamless learning of topics of the Semester, will be specified. The Bridge Course can be conducted in online mode. The Online content can be created for the Bridge Course Topics.

9. Module and Unit:

A course which is generally an independent entity having its own separate identity, is also often referred to as a 'Module' in today's parlance, especially when we refer to a 'modular curricular structure'. A module may be studied in conjunction with other learning modules or studied independently. A topic within a course is treated as a Unit. Each course should have Units.

10. Self-Learning:

20% of the topics will be marked for Self-Learning. Topics for Self-Learning are to be learned independently by the student, in a time-bound manner, using online and offline resources including online lectures, videos, library, discussion forums, field work, internships etc.

Evaluative sessions (physical/online), equivalent to the credit allocation of the Self Learning topics, shall be conducted, preferably, every week for each course. Learners are to be evaluated real time during evaluative sessions. The purpose of evaluative sessions is to assess the level of the students' learning achieved in the topics earmarked for Self-Learning.

The teacher's role in these evaluative sessions will be that of a Moderator and Mentor, who will guide and navigate the discussions in the sessions, and offer concluding remarks, with proper reasoning on the aspects which may have been missed by the students, in the course of the Self-Learning process.

The modes to evaluate self-learning can be a combination of the various methods such as written reports, hand-outs with gaps and MCQs, objective tests, case studies and Peer learning. Groups can be formed to present self-learning topics to peer groups, followed by Question and Answer sessions and open discussion. The marking scheme for Self Learning has been defined under Examination and Teaching.

The topics stipulated for self-learning can be increased or reduced as per the recommendations of the Board of Studies and Academic Council from time to time. All decisions regarding evaluation need to be taken and communicated to the stakeholders preferably before the commencement of a semester. Some exceptions may be made in exigencies, like the current situation arising from the lockdown, but such ad hoc decisions are to be kept to the minimum possible.

11. Credit Point:

Credit Point refers to the 'Workload' of a learner and is an index of the number of learning hours deemed for a certain segment of learning. These learning hours may include a variety of learning activities like reading, reflecting, discussing, attending lectures / counselling sessions, watching especially prepared videos, writing assignments, preparing for examinations, etc. Credits assigned for a single course always pay attention to how many hours it would take for a learner to complete a single course successfully. A single course should have, by and large a course may be assigned anywhere between 1 to 4 credit points wherein 1 credit is construed as corresponding to approximately 12 to 15 hours.

12. Credit Completion and Credit Accumulation:

Credit acquisition and Credit completion shall be considered to take place after the learner has successfully cleared all the evaluation criteria with respect to a single course. Thus, a learner who successfully completes required CP (Credit Point) course may be considered to have collected or acquired total credits. Learner level of performance above the minimum prescribed level (viz. grades / marks obtained) has no bearing on the number of credits collected or acquired. A learner keeps on

adding more and more credits as he completes successfully more and more courses. Thus the learner 'accumulates' course wise credits.

13.Credit Bank:

A Credit Bank refers to stored and dynamically updated information regarding the number of Credits obtained by any given learner along with details regarding the course/s for which Credit has been given, the course-level, nature, etc. In addition, all the information regarding the number of Credits transferred to different programs or credit exemptions given may also be stored with the individual's history.

14. Credit Transfer:

(performance transfer) When a learner successfully completes a program, he/she is allowed to transfer his/her past performance to another academic program having some common courses and Performance transfer is said to have taken place.

15.Course Exemption:

Occasionally, when two academic programs offered by a single university or by more than one university, may have some common or equivalent course-content, the learner who has already completed one of these academic programs is allowed to skip these 'equivalent' courses while registering for the new program. The Learner is 'exempted' from 'relearning' the common or equivalent content area and from re-appearing for the concerned examinations. It is thus taken for granted that the learner has already collected in the past the credits corresponding to the exempted courses.

Part II

Note: The Ordinances and Regulations given below are applicable to Undergraduate Program of Faculty of Commerce & Management and Faculty of Humanities, unless and otherwise specified.

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Minimum duration of undergraduate programmes will be of 3 years in the Semester pattern i.e. from Sem. I to Sem. VI.

The degree will be awarded to a learner who successfully completes 120 credits of the programme in period of 3 to 6 years from the year of enrolment to Semester VI.

If a learner does not earn 120 credits in 12 semesters from the year of enrolment to semester I, he/she may at his/her option transfer his/her performance in the existing/new program after establishing equivalence between old and new syllabus. Such a performance transfer will be decided by the Board

of Studies / Ad-hoc Board / Ad hoc Committee of the concerned subject. The admission to the program will be governed by the existing rules.

O***** The fees for transfer of credits or performance will be based on number of credits that a learner has to complete for award of the degree.

R **** Credits earned at one institution for one or more courses under a given program will be accepted under another program either by the same institution or another institution either through Direct Performance Transfer or Course exemption.

R**** The Scheme of Teaching and Examination:

The Scheme of Teaching and Examination shall be divided into **THREE** components, **Self-Learning**, **Internal assessment and External assessment** (semester end examination) for each course of the program.

1) **Self Learning** Assessment. Various methodologies has been described in Definition of Self Learning. However Subject Teacher is authorized to devise newer methods of evaluation, which must essentially be documented and be circulated through email or written circular to the learners at least 7 days prior to its implementation. 10% of the marks shall be allocated for Self Learning Assessment.

2) **Internal Assessment** includes Assignments, Seminars, Core Practical, Practical, **Commutative** Test, **Practical Record**, Unit Tests etc. Subject Teacher is authorized to devise newer methods of evaluation, which must essentially be documented and circulated through email or written circular to the learners at least 7 days prior to its implementation. For each course, there is a passing minimum for internal Assessment as 40% (16 out of 40 marks).

3) External assessment /Semester End Examination 60 marks (passing 24 out of 60 marks) overall 40% (40 out of 100 marks).

The Scheme of Examination:

The performance of the learners shall be evaluated in two components: Internal Assessment with 40% marks by way of continuous evaluation and External examination by Semester End Examination with 60% marks by conducting the theory examination.

Internal Assessment: - It is defined as the assessment of the learners on the basis of continuous evaluation as envisaged in the credit-based system by way of participation of learners in various academic and correlated activities in the given semester of the programme.

A). Internal Assessment – 40%

40 marks

Sr. No.	Particulars	Marks
1	ONE class test / online examination to be conducted in the given semester	15 Marks
2	One Project/ Assignment based on curriculum (to be assessed by the teacher Concerned)	10 Marks
3	Self-Learning Evaluation	10 Marks
4	Active Participation in routine class instructional deliveries	05 Marks

> Project and Assignment:

- Project or Assignments can be given in the following forms:
 - Case Studies
 - Video Making
 - Blogs
 - Research paper (Presented in Seminar/Conference)
 - Field Visit Report
 - Presentations related to the subject (Moot Court, Youth Parliament, etc.)
 - Internships (Exposition of theory into practice)
 - Open Book Test/Examination
 - Any other innovative methods

> Self-Learning Evaluation

- 20% of the topics of curriculum are learned by the student through self-learning using online / offline academic resource specified in the curriculum.
- Hence 20% of the lectures shall be allocated for evaluation of students on self-learning topics
- The identified topics in the syllabus shall be learnt independently by the students in a time bound manner preferably from online resources. Evaluative sessions shall be conducted by the teachers and will carry 10 Marks.
- The self-learning topics can be put into 3-4 GROUPS OF TOPICS ONLY FOR EVALUATION.

• Prescribe time duration (in days) for completion of each group of topic and earmark selflearning evaluation lectures in the timetable. Hence each group of topic can be assigned 3 regular lectures for this evaluation for entire class.

3 Sub Topics

Each evaluative session shall carry 3 Marks (3 x 3 Units = 9 Marks). Students who participate in all evaluative sessions shall be awarded 1 additional Mark.

4 Sub Topics

Each evaluative session shall carry 2.5 Marks (2.5 x 4 Units = 10 Marks).

- Evaluation of self-learning topics can commence in regular lectures assigned for self-learning evaluation in the timetable
- All students will actively participate in the presentation of each of the sub-topics.
- <u>SUGGESTIVE Methods for Evaluation of Self-learning topics IN LECTURES:</u>
 - Seminars/presentation (PPT or poster), followed by Q&A
 - Objective questions /Quiz / Framing of MCQ questions.
 - Debates
 - Group discussion
 - You-Tube videos (Marks shall be based on the quality and viewership)
 - Improvisation of videos
 - Role Play followed by question-answers
 - Viva Voce
 - Any other innovative method

Student will be evaluated on the basis of quality of presentation, quality of question & answer, framing of quiz, conduct of quiz, performance in debate etc.

• Teachers can frame other methods of evaluation also provided that the method, duly approved by the college examination committee, is notified to the students at least 7 days before the commencement of the evaluation session and is forwarded for information and necessary action at least 3 days before the commencement of the evaluation session to the respective authority.

SEMESTER END EXAMINATION: - It is defined as the examination of the learners on the basis of performance in the semester end theory / written examinations.

B. Semester End Examination- 60 %

<u>60 Marks</u>

- 1) Duration This examination shall be of 2 Hours duration.
- 2) Question Paper Pattern: -

- i. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks.
- ii. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.
- iii. Question may be sub-divided into sub-questions a, b, c, d & e only and the allocation of marks depends on the weightage of the topic.

The marks will be given for all examinations and they will be converted into grade (quality) points. The semester-end, final grade sheets and transcripts will have only credits, grades, grade points, SGPA and CGPA.

The marks of the internal assessment will not be disclosed to the students till the results of the corresponding semester is declared.

HSNC University Mumbai

(2020-2021)

Ordinances and

Regulations With

Respect to

Choice Based Credit

System (CBCS)

For the Programmes Under

The Faculty of Commerce and

Management

For the Course

Financial Markets

Curriculum– First Year Undergraduate

Programmes Semester-I and Semester -II

2020-2021

Section **D**

Financial Markets

Part 1 - Preamble

The B.Com (Financial Markets) program is started with an aim to make the students employable and impart industry-oriented training.

The tremendous expansion in the field of global financial markets over the last two decades has made Financial Markets an emerging field in the world and hence, an interesting, upcoming and lucrative career path. The course is a comprehensive three year graduate program that is fabricated to cater to a niche requirement of professionals in financial markets who can analyze debt, equity, capital and commodities markets with a focus on stock trading, equity research and financial analysis. It is a perfectly designed course for all those aspiring to make a career in the growing and ever evolving field of Financial Markets.

Whether one works as an executive or at entry level, the work environment now demands broadened mindsets and qualifications for diverse positions. The changing workforce, recent economic downturn and changing demographics are all contributors to this paradigm shift. Technical and specialized skills, honed to an art today, may indeed become obsolete in the near future. Furthermore, traditional degrees become outdated and even irrelevant in the modern workforce. It is essential that employees continue to expand their current knowledge base and skill sets to add personal value in their organizations. A specialized degree does just that, in addition to preparing the student for continued growth and life-long learning. It is with this objective in mind that the University of Mumbai has introduced two new Bachelor of Commerce degrees which encompass a shift from general education to professional education.

1. Course objective:

SEMESTER I

- a) Introduction to Financial System, UC-FFM-101
- Students will be aware about the financial system prevalent in the world.
- It will also enlighten them on how it has evolved over period.
- It will provide knowledge about the constituents of the system.

- It will involve working of various financial instruments across capital, money, forex, commodity & derivative markets.
- It will also encompass the role of financial regulators & their roles.

b) Micro Economics, UC-FFM-102

- Students will be able to identify and explain economic concepts and theories related to the behaviour of economic agents, markets, industry and firm structures, legal institutions, social norms, and government policies.
- Students will be able to integrate theoretical knowledge with quantitative and qualitative evidence in order to explain past economic events and to formulate predictions on future ones.
- Students will be able to evaluate the consequences of economic activities and institutions for individual and social welfare.
- Students will be able to identify the basic features of alternative representations of human behaviour in economics.

c) Financial Accounting I, UC-FFM-103

- Accounting involves dealing with real revenues, actual transactions and observable finance.
- This subject will make students acquire knowledge about the laws that govern business, typical business administration schemes, ethics of accountancy, statistics and accounting theory.

d) Business Mathematics, UC-FFM-104

- To develop the desired mental faculties that enable the students to present solutions to problems/queries where quantitative solutions are desired.
- To fortify the students to think logically and provide numerical output, which enable decision making.
- To enable problem solving where unbiased and non-judgemental outputs are desired in the form of concise numbers.
- To provide a window for their further development into areas of analytics and big data.

e) Business Communication, UC-FFM-105

• To help learners develop interpersonal skills that contribute to effective and satisfying personal, social and professional relationship

- To facilitate understanding of the nuances of verbal and non-verbal communication as it plays a vital role in the accomplishment of organisational goals
- To impart knowledge regarding exchange of information both within and outside the organisation.
- To upskill learners with the use of the latest digital tools and techniques to facilitate effective communication at workplace

f) Principles of Management, UC-FFM-106

- Students will understand the basics of management. They will get to know how to attain maximum output by utilizing the resources (economic and non-economic) to its best.
- They will learn about the essential elements of management i.e. POSDCORB
 their features, need and importance.
- It will enlighten the students as how management has evolved over the period.
- It will provide clarity to the students about organization vision, mission, objectives and goals.
- It will help students to understand the integration of individual goals with the organizational goals.
- It will update students with the kind of skills and organization structure is required in order to sustain in the business.

f) Foundation Course- I, UC-FFM-107

- To understand the pluralistic nature of Indian society.
- To sensitize the students about gender disparity in the society.
- To explain significance of human rights and understand the tenets of Indian Constitution.
- To create awareness about growing social and environmental problems in India.

SEMESTER II

a) Principles of Investment, UC-FFM-201

- Students will be aware about the various investment avenues prevalent in the market.
- It will also enlighten them on how relevant they are & their objectives.
- It will provide knowledge about the various types of investments & its features.
- It will also involve working of various financial investments concepts & their planning, risks, allocation & taxation.

• It will also encompass the structure of investment portfolio, its performance & various methods to calculate returns.

b) Macro Economics, UC-FFM-202

- Students will be able to identify and explain macroeconomic variables and understand the economic forces that influence and determine them.
- Students will be able to integrate theoretical knowledge with quantitative and qualitative evidence in order to explain past economic events and to formulate predictions on future ones.
- Students will be able to evaluate the consequences of economic activities and institutions for individual and social welfare.
- Students will be able to identify the basic features of alternative representations of human behaviour in economics.

c) Financial Accounting II, UC-FFM-203

- Accounting involves dealing with real revenues, actual transactions and observable finance.
- It will help students in preparing financial statements in accordance with appropriate standards.
- It will help students in interpreting the business implications of financial statement information
- It will help students in Preparing accounting information for planning and control and for the evaluation of products, projects and divisions.

d) Business Statistics, UC-FFM-204

- To develop the desired mental faculties that enable the students to present solutions to problems/queries where quantitative solutions are desired.
- The subject fortifies the students to think logically and provide numerical output, which enable decision making.
- The subject enables problem solving where unbiased and non-judgemental outputs are desired in the form of concise numbers.
- The subject complements qualitative thinking where both are to be looked at, as two sides of a coin, prior to providing a solution to a problem.

e) Business Environment, UC-FFM-205

- Students will be aware about the business environment with the
- It will also enlighten them on how relevant they are & their objectives.

- It will provide knowledge about the various factors affecting business
- It will give an overview on Entrepreneurship, Globalisation and at the same time Contemporary issues

f) Information Technology, UC-FFM-206

- To acquaint the students with the art of Professionalism which include professional style of making presentation using keyboard shortcuts and presenting the same to a large number of audiences.
- To equip with the hands-on skill for the Industry.
- Student should gain basic knowledge of Software and hardware along with Microsoft office
- Documentation is another aspect where we want student to emphasize on how to select the correct format, layers and alignment in the documents
- Provide hands on working with spreadsheet (DATABASE) basic skills in terms of Practical
- Student must be acquainted with the knowledge of Computer, internet and network.

g) Foundation Course II, UC-FFM-207

- To understand the basic behaviour pattern of human personality.
- To comprehend group behaviour.
- To understand the issues of stress and stress management
- To develop an understanding of aspects of organizational behaviour and motivation.

2. Process adopted for curriculum designing:

The Department conducted multiple meetings with academic partners, industry partners. After discussion with them, personally, via mail, via messages, the changes in the syllabus were introduced.

3. Salient features, how it has been made more relevant

This course is a full time course. The duration of the course shall be six semesters spread over three years.

- ▶ It shall consist of 38 modules of 100 marks each & 2 projects of 100 marks each.
- ▶ B.F.M. is the perfect undergraduate program for students planning to pursue C.F.A.
- Projects, case studies, presentations, moot courts, mock stock and industrial visits ensure a good blend of theory and practical in the course.
- Provides the exposure of working in the industry during the Summer Internship Program which is a compulsory component of the program.

- Additional benefit/option of the program is a chance to pursue higher studies with Colleges/ Universities abroad as part of the various linkages that Jai Hind College has.
- The department also conducts various seminars and workshops by Stock exchanges and Corporates to make the students well-versed in international financial markets.

4. Learning Outcomes.

Indian Financial Market helps in promoting the savings of the economy - helping to adopt an effective channel to transmit various financial policies. The Indian financial sector is well-developed, competitive, efficient and integrated to face all shocks. In the India financial market there are various types of financial products whose prices are determined by the numerous buyers and sellers in the market. The other determinant factor of the prices of the financial products is the market forces of demand and supply. The various other types of Indian markets help in the functioning of the wide India financial sector.

This 3 year undergraduate course is a comprehensive program which covers all the different aspects of capital markets. While the course is primarily theoretical, there is a good blend of projects, case studies and industrial visits to enable a student to get well- versed with the functioning of the industry. There is also exposure to working in the industry during the Summer internship Programs. It helps the students to:

- To provide adequate basic understanding about Banking, Insurance & other financial services to the students and to give an adequate exposure to operational environment in the field of Banking, Insurance & other related financial services of Accounting and Finance.
- To inculcate training, and practical approach, by organizing industrial visits, summer placements and using modem technology in teaching the students in the field of Accounting & Finance and Banking.
- To create an additional avenue of self employment to the student and to provide suitable trained personnel for the Financial Services Sector.
- > To prepare and train the graduates in such a manner so that they can compete in the markets
- > To make them aware about the practical aspect of the theoretical concepts.
- > To establish strong co-ordination with the service sector.

5. Input from stakeholders :

There are modifications suggested by the Industry personnel to make changes in the subjects like Foundation course, Business Communication and IT to make it more relevant to practical usage as compared to only study. New subject in Principles of Investment and Macro Economics is added to give introduction of students to latest trends in the market and know how currently required as per the industry.

Part 2- The Scheme of Teaching and Examination is as under:

Semester – I

Summary

Sr.		Choice	Based Credit System		Subject Code	Remarks
No.						
1	Core Co	irse				
	Introduct	on to Financi	al System		UC-FFM-101	
	Micro Ec	onomics			UC-FFM-102	
2	Elective	Discipline S	pecific Elective (DSE) Co	urse		
	Course					
		2.1 Fin	ancial Accounting I		UC-FFM-103	
		2.2 Bu	siness Mathematics		UC-FFM-104	
		2.3 Bu	siness Communication		UC-FFM-105	
		2.4 Pri	nciples of Management		UC-FFM-106	
3	Ability E	nhancement	Courses (AEC) For	undation	UC-FFM-107	
	Course –	Ι				

Sr	Subject	Subject Title	Peri	ods Pe	er W	'eek				Sea	sonal	Evalua	tion	Tot
	Code										Sch	eme		al
Ν														Mark
0.														s
			Units	S.				Cr	S.		TA		SE	
				L.	L	Т	Р	edi	L.	СТ		AP	Е	
								t	Е					
	UC-	Introduction	4	20					10					
1	FFM-	to Financial		%	4	0	0	3		15	10	5	60	100
	101	System		*										
	UC-	Micro	4	20			_	_	10	15	10	5	_	
2	FFM-	Economics		%	4	0	0	3					60	100
	102			*										
	UC-	Financial	4	20					10	15	10	5		
3	FFM-	Accounting I		%	4	0	0	3					60	100
	103			*										
	UC-	Business	4	20					10	15	10	5		
4	FFM-	Mathematics	-	%	4	0	0	3	10	15	10	5	60	100
	104	Wathematics		*	Т	U	U	5					00	100
	104													
	UC-	Business	4	20					10	15	10	5		
5	FFM-	Communicat		%	4	0	0	3					60	100
	105	ion		*										
	UC-	Principles of	4	20					10	15	10	5		
6	FFM-	Management		%	4	0	0	3					60	100
	106			*										

First Year Semester I Internal And External Detail Scheme

	UC-	Foundation	3	20					10	15	10	5		
7	FFM-	Course – I		%	3	0	0	2					60	100
	107			*										
	Total H	Hours / Credit						20			Total	Marks	5	700

*One to two lectures to be taken for CONTINUOUS self -learning evaluation

• Lecture Duration – 48 Minutes (60 Lectures equivalent to 48 hours)

• One Credit = 16 hours

L: Lecture: Tutorials P: Practical Ct-Core Theory, Cp-Core Practical, SLE- Self learning evaluation CT-Commutative Test, SEE- Semester End Examination , TA-Teacher Assessment, AP- Active Participation

S.	Subject		Subject Unit Title	Lectu	Total	Cre	Total
Ν	Code			res	No. of	dit	Marks
	couc				lectures		
1	UC-FFM-	Ι	Overview of financial system	15			
	101	II	Financial markets	15	60	3	100
		III	Financial regulators	15			(60+40)
		IV	Financial instruments	15			
2	UC-FFM-	Ι	Introduction to micro-economics	15			
	102	II	Demand and supply analysis	15	60	3	100
		III	Production decisions, cost of	15			(60+40)
			production and revenue				
		IV	Market structure	15			
3	UC-FFM-	Ι	Introduction to Indian Accounting	15			
	103		standards and classification of		60	3	100
			Income and expenditure				(60+40)
		II	Issue of Shares and Debentures	15			
		III	Investment accounting	15			
		IV	Preparation of Final Accounts	15			
4	UC-FFM-	Ι	Elementary financial mathematics	15	60		
	104	II	Matrices & determinants	15	-	3	100
		III	Derivatives and applications of	15	-		(60+40)
			derivatives				
		IV	Numerical analysis (interpolation)	15	-		
5	UC-FFM-	Ι	Theory of communication	15			
	105				60	3	100
		II	Corporate grooming and Etiquettes	15			(60+40)
		III	Personality enhancement	15			
		IV	Business writing	15			

First Year Semester – I Units – Topics – Teaching Hours

6	UC-FFM-	I	Nature of management	15	60	3	100
	106	II	Planning and decision making	15			(60+40)
		III	Organizing and staffing	15			
		IV	Directing, leadership, co-ordination	15			
			and controlling				
7	UC-FFM-	Ι	Indian Society-Diversity	11			
	107	II	Indian Constitution and Human	12	45	2	100 (60+40)
			Rights				(00140)
		III	Concept of Disparity	11			
		IV	Environmental Management	11			
			Total			20	700

• Lecture Duration – 48 Minutes (60 Lectures equivalent to 48 hours)

• One Credit = 16 hours

Part 3- Detail Scheme Theory

FYBFM

SEMESTER 1

Introduction to Financial System

Course Code: UC-FFM-101

SR.No	MODULES/UNITS	No. of
•		Lectures
1.	OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL SYSTEM	15
	1.1 Introduction and overview and functions	
	1.2 Evolution of financial systems	
	1.3 Structure of Indian financial system and financial c-sectors	
	reforms in India	
	1.4 International financial	
	1.5 Overview on Risk and Returns	
2.	FINANCIAL MARKETS	15
	2.1 Introduction	
	2.2 Classification of financial markets (money + capital)	
	2.3 Money market (meaning, role, participants, features,	
	components, reforms)	
	2.4 Capital markets (meaning, features, role, components,	
	participants and reforms)	
3.	FINANCIAL REGULATORS	15
	3.1 Introduction, features, functions	
	3.2 RBI-introduction, objectives and functions and structure,	
	credit control measures	
	3.3 IRDA-introductions, objectives, functions and structure	

	3.4 SEBI-introduction, power, role in primary and secondary market	
	3.5 NABARD-introduction and functions	
	3.6 PFRDA- introduction and functions	
4.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	15
	4.1 Introduction and Types	
	4.2 Money markets-T-bills, commercial paper, certificate of	
	deposits call money, commercial bills, gilts, bankers	
	acceptance, inter corporate deposits, bill discounting mutual	
	funds, REPO & REVERSE RATE and, TREPs	
	4.3 Debt instruments-government securities, bonds and debentures	
	4.4 Equity capital/instrument-equity, preference, derivatives	
	4.5 Mutual funds-features, advantages, disadvantages and REITs	
	4.6 Cryptocurrency, ADR & GDR	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	1	Overview of Financial System
2	2	Introduction to Financial Markets

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/105/110105121/ https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?searchText=financial+markets

References

- Gordon E. & Natarajan K. Financial Markets & Services, Himalaya Publishing House.
- Indian Financial System, Machiraju.R.H, Vikas Publishing House.
- Indian Financial System, Khan M.Y Tata Mcgraw Hill.

- Financial Institutions and Markets, BholeL.M,TataMcgraw Hill.
- The Indian Financial System, Desai, Vasantha Himalaya Publishing House.

Micro Economics

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-102

		No. of
Unit	Content	Lectu
		res
1	INTRODUCTION TO MICRO-ECONOMICS	15
	1.1 Scope and importance of business	
	1.2 Basic tools: Opportunity Cost Principle, Incremental and Marginal	
	concepts, Present and Future value, production possibility curve. Basic	
	Economic Relations functional relations use of Marginal Analysis in	
	decision making.	
	1.3 Difference Between Micro and Macroeconomics	
2	DEMAND AND SUPPLY ANALYSIS	15
	2.1 Demand function:	
	Meaning, significance determinants types. Variation and change in	
	demand. Measurement of elasticity of demand (price elasticity, income,	
	cross and promotional) Uses of elasticity. Relationship between elasticity	
	of demand and revenue concepts. Consumer surplus	
	2.2 Supply function	
	Meaning, significance determinants types. Variation and change in supply.	
	Producer Surplus.	
	2.3 Demand Estimation and forecasting	
	Meaning and Significance methods of demand estimation survey and	
	statistics method (only theory)	
	2.4 Case Studies and numerical on Elasticity.	

3	PRODUCTION DECISIONS, COST OF PRODUCTION AND REVENUE	15
	3.1 Production Function: Meaning, types	
	a. Short Run Analysis with law of Variable Propitious.	
	b. Isoquants, ridge lines and least cost combination of inputs.	
	c. Long Run Production Function: Law of Returns to scale expansion	
	path. Economics and Diseconomies of scale. Economics of scope.	
	3.2 Cost Concepts	
	Accounting and economics cost, implicit and explicit cost, fixed and	
	variable cost. Total, average and marginal cost. Cost output relationship in	
	the short run and long run. LAC and learning curve.Break Even Analysis	
	3.3 Revenue concepts: Types	
	a. Average, marginal and total revenue (under perfect and	
	imperfect competition)	
	3.4 Profit concepts	
	Supernormal, Normal, loss.	
	3.5 Numericals on output, cost, revenue and profit.	
4	MARKET STRUCTURE: Short run and Long equilibrium of a complete line	15
	firm and of industry	
	4.1 Monopoly	
	4.1 Monopoly Short run and long equilibrium of the firm. Price Discrimination. Dumping	
	(only theory)	
	4.2Monopolistic competition	
	Equilibrium of the firm in short run and long run, role of advertisement	
	4.3 Oligopoly	
	Features, collusive and Non collusive Oligopoly. Price rigidity, kinked	
	demand curve, cartel and price leadership models.	
	4.4 Perfect Competition	
	Equilibrium of the firm in short run and long run	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	2	Demand and Supply analysis
2	3	Break even analysis

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/105/110105075/

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/720

References:

• Mehta, P.L.: Managerial Economics – Analysis, Problem and Cases (S. Chand & Sons, N. Delhi, 2000)

• Hirchey .M., Managerial Economics, Thomson South western (2003)

• Salvatore, D.: Managerial Economics in a global economy (Thomson South Western Singapore, 2001)

• Frank Robert.H, Bernanke. Ben S., Principles of Economics (Tata McGraw Hill (ed.3)

• Gregory Mankiw., Principles of Economics, Thomson South western (2002 reprint) • Samuelson &Nordhas.: Economics (Tata McGraw Hills, New Delhi, 2002)

• Pal Sumitra, Managerial Economics cases and concepts (Macmillan, New Delhi, 2004) Reference's

Mehta, P.L.: Managerial Economics – Analysis, Problem and Cases (S. Chand & Sons, N. Delhi, 2000)

• Hirchey .M., Managerial Economics, Thomson South western (2003)

• Salvatore, D.: Managerial Economics in a global economy (Thomson South Western Singapore, 2001)

• Frank Robert.H, Bernanke. Ben S., Principles of Economics (Tata McGraw Hill (ed.3)

• Gregory Mankiw., Principles of Economics, Thomson South western (2002 reprint)

• Samuelson &Nordhas.: Economics (Tata McGraw Hills, New Delhi, 2002)

• Pal Sumitra, Managerial Economics cases and concepts (Macmillan, New Delhi,2004)

:

Financial Accounting I

Course Code: UC-FFM-103

Modules / Units	No. of lectures
Introduction to Indian Accounting standards and classification of Income and expenditure	15
 Capital and Revenue Indian AS 16- property plant and equipment IND AS 1 Presentation of financial statements IND AS 8 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting 	
Issue of Shares and Debentures	15
 Introduction to issue of Shares and Debentures Relevant journal entries and balance sheet post issue. 	
Investment Accounting	15
 Meaning and Objectives of Investments Types/ Classifications of Investments Important Terms Accounting Procedure 	
Preparation of Final Accounts	15
 Introduction to Final Accounts of a Sole Proprietor Rectification of Errors 	
 Manufacturing Accounts, Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet 	
	Introduction to Indian Accounting standards and classification of Income and expenditure • Capital and Revenue • Indian AS 16- property plant and equipment • IND AS 1 Presentation of financial statements • IND AS 3 Presentation of financial statements • IND AS 4 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Issue of Shares and Debentures • Introduction to issue of Shares and Debentures • Relevant journal entries and balance sheet post issue. Investment Accounting • Meaning and Objectives of Investments • Types/ Classifications of Investments • Important Terms • Accounting Procedure Preparation of Final Accounts • Introduction to Final Accounts of a Sole Proprietor • Rectification of Errors • Manufacturing Accounts, Trading Account, Profit and Loss

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	1	Introduction to Accounting standards
2	2	Issue of shares

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/197

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/101/110101131/

REFERENCES

• Introduction to Accountancy by T.S. Grewal, S. Chand and Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi

• Advanced Accountancy by R.L Gupta and M. Radhaswamy, S. Chand and Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi

- Modern Accountancy by Mukherjee and Hanif, Tata Mc. Grow Hill and Co. Ltd., Mumbai
- Financial Accounting by LesileChandwichk, Pentice Hall of India Adin Bakley (P) Ltd., New Delhi

• Financial Accounting for Management by Dr. Dinesh Harsalekar, Multi-Tech. Publishing Co. Ltd.,

- Mumbai Financial Accounting by P.C. Tulsian, Pearson Publications, New Delhi
- Accounting Principles by R.N. Anthony and J.S. Reece, Richard Irwin, Inc

• Financial Accounting by Monga, J.R. Ahuja, Girish Ahuja and Ashok Shehgal, Mayur Paper Back, Noida

• Compendium of Statement and Standard of Accounting, ICAI

- Indian Accounting Standards, Ashish Bhattacharya, Tata Mc. Grow Hill and Co. Ltd., Mumbai
- Financial Accounting by Williams, Tata Mc. Grow Hill and Co. Ltd., Mumbai
- Company Accounting Standards by ShrinivasanAnand, Taxman, New Delhi Financial

Accounting by V. Rajasekaran, Pearson Publications, New Delhi

• Introduction to Financial Accounting by Horngren, Pearson Publications, New Delhi

• Financial Accounting by M. Mukherjee and M. Hanif, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

• Financial Accounting a Managerial Perspective, Varadraj B. Bapat, MehulRaithatha, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Business Mathematics

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-104

Sr.	Modules/Units	No. of
No.		Lectures
1	ELEMENTARY FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS	15
	1.1 Simple & Compound interest : Interest Compounded once a year,	
	more than once a year, continuous, nominal and effective rate of interest	
	1.2 Annuity – Present and Future Value – Sinking Funds – Down- payment	
	1.3 Depreciation of assets : EMI – using flat interest rate & reducing balance method	
	1.4 Functions : Algebraic functions and the functions used in business	
	and economics, break even & equilibrium point	
2	MATRICES & DETERMINANTS	15
	2.1 Matrices : Definition, types of matrixes, matrix operation (addition,	
	subtraction, scalar multiplication, matrix multiplication, transpose	
	of a matrix)	
	2.2 Determinants of a Matrix of order two or three : properties and	
	results (no proofs), solving linear equations using Cramer's rule,	
	inverse of a matrix (up to order 3) using adjoin of a matrix, and	
	matrix inversion method	
	2.3 Case Study : Input Output Analysis (No Proof) and sums	
3	DERIVATIVES AND APPLICATIONS OF DERIVATIVES	15
	3.1 Introduction & Concept: Review of functions and graphs,	
	Derivative of a constant function, power function, logarithmic	
	functions, polynomial and exponential functions.	
	3.2 Rules of Derivatives : addition, subtraction, multiplication, quotient,	
	chain rule	
	3.3 Second order Derivatives	

	 3.4 Application of Derivatives : Increasing, decreasing functions, maxima, minima, use of applications of derivatives in economics (average & marginal- revenue, cost, profit functions, Elasticity of demand) 3.5 Geometric interpretation of derivatives (as slope of tangent to curve) 	
4	NUMERICAL ANALYSIS (INTERPOLATION)	15
	 4.1 Intro and concept : Finite differences – forward difference operator – Newton's forward difference formula with simple examples 4.2 Backward differences operator, Newton's backward differences formula with simple examples 	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	2	Matrices
2	3	Derivatives

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/108/111108098/

https://www.mooc-list.com/course/mathtrackx-differential-calculus-edx

References

- Business Mathematics, D.C. Sancheti, V.K. Kapoor, Sultan Chand
- Business Mathematics, J.K. Singh, 2009, Himalaya Publishing House.
- Mathematics for Business and Economics, J.D. Gupta, P.K. Gupta, Man Mohan, Tata McGrawHill
- Mathematics of Finance 2nd Edition Schaum's Tata McGrawHill
- Business Mathematics by Dr.AmarnathDikshit&Dr.Jinendra Kumar Jain.
- Business Mathematics by Bari New Literature publishing company, Mumbai
- Mathematics for Economics and Business, RS Bhardwaj, 2010, Excel Books

• Business Mathematics, Zameerudin, Qazi, V.K. Khanna & S.K. Bhambri, Vikas Publishing House

BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-105

Sr. No.	Modules/Units	No. of Lectures
1.	Unit 1 - THEORY OF COMMUNICATION	15
	1.1 Concept of Communication: Meaning, Definitions, Objectives, Process, Feedback, Emergence and Impact of Technological Advancements on Communication	
	1.2 Channels of Communication: Intrapersonal, interpersonal, formal and informal, vertical, horizontal, diagonal, grapevine	
	1.3 Objectives of Communication: Information, Motivation, Order, Education & Training, Suggestion, Counselling Persuasion, Warning	
	1.4 Methods and Modes of Communication: Verbal and Non- Verbal: Body Language - Posture, Gestures, Expressions, Dress and Appearance; Grooming, Space and Proxemics	
	1.5 Barriers to Communication: Physical barriers, Language barriers, Socio-cultural barriers, Psychological barriers, Technological barriers	
	1.6 Listening: Importance of listening skills, Cultivating good listening skills	
2	Unit 2 - CORPORATE GROOMING AND ETIQUETTE:	15
	2.1 Powerful Speaking, Self-Management and Personality Management	
	2.2 Presentation: Principles of Effective Presentation, Effective use of various audio-visual aids	
	2.3 Objectives of Presentation -3 W's $-$ Why, What, Who $-$ Structuring the Presentation -Verbal (spoken & written) and Visual Skills	
	2.4 Interviews: Types of Interviews, Group Discussion, Preparing for an Interview	
	2.5 Meetings and Conferences: Need and Importance of Meetings and Conferences, Role of Chairperson and Participants, Drafting Notice, Minutes, Agenda and Resolutions	

	2.6 Corporate Etiquette: Dining Etiquette, Telephone Etiquette, Office	
	Etiquette, Meeting Etiquette	
3.	Unit 3 - PERSONALITY ENHANCEMENT:	15
	3.1 The Art of Public Speaking: Overcoming Stage Fear	
	3.2 Voice Modulation	
	3.3 Personality Grooming: Personal Branding – Importance, Strategies, Steps to build powerful personal brand	
	3.4 First Impression – Power of Personal Appearance	
	3.5 Vocabulary Enhancement	
4.	Unit 4 – BUSINESS WRITING:	15
	4.1 Theory of Business Letter Writing: Parts, Structure, Layout of Letters- (Full block, Modified Block, Semi- Modified Block)	
	4.2 Job Application Letter and Resume Writing	
	4.3 Personnel Correspondence: Statement of Purpose, Letter of Acceptance of Job-offer, Letter of Resignation, Letter of Appreciation, Letter under Right to Information Act (RTI)	
	4.3 Reports: Types - Feasibility Report, Investigative Report	
	4.4 Summarization: Identification of main and supporting sub-points, presenting these in a cohesive manner	
	4.5 Email Writing	
	TOTAL	60

Self- Learning Topics

Unit	Topics
1	Impact of Technological Advancements on Communication: Types – Internet,
	Blogs, E-Mail, Social Media – Facebook, Twitter, WhatsApp (Unit 1, 1.1)

2	Corporate Etiquette - Dining Etiquette, Telephone Etiquette, Office Etiquette, Meeting Etiquette (Unit 2, 2.6)
3	Summarization: Identification of main and supporting points, presenting these in a cohesive manner (Unit 4, 4.4)

https://www.msuniv.ac.in/images/academic/academic_affairs/Chapter%20-%207.pdf (Unit 1, 1.1)

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/109104030/Module9/Lecture29.pdf (Unit 2, 2.6)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-zgKOguRrRs (Unit 4, 4.4)

Reference Books:

Sr. No.	Title Author/s Publisher	Edition Year
1	Organisational Communication- The Effective Management, Columbus Grid Inc Board of Studies-in-Accountancy, Phillip, Louis V., University of Mumbai51 Page Reference Books	1975
2	The Human Connection, Montagu, A and Matson, Floyd, McGraw Hill, New York.	1979
3	Communication Systems and Procedures for Modern Office, Krevolin, Nathan, Prentice Hall, New Jersey	1983
4	Effective Business Communication, Murphy, Herta and Hilde Brandt, Herbert W, McGraw Hill, New York	1984
5	Business Communication: Theory and Application, Lesikar, Raymond V and Petit, John D	1994
6	The Essence of Effective Communication, Richard D. Irwin Inc. Ilinois. Ludlow,Ron Prentice, New Delhi	1995
7	The Craft of Business Letter Writing, Monippalli, M.M., T.M.H. New Delhi.	1997
8	Business Ethics: New Challenges for Business Schools and Corporate Leaders, Peterson, Robert A and Ferrell, O.C, Prentice Hall of India Pvt., Ltd	2005
9	Code of Conduct for Managers, Mishra Rajiv K, Rupa Company	2006

10	Effective Technical Communication, 36.M. Ashraf, Rizvi Tata McGraw Hill	2006
11	Ethics Incorporated: Top Priority and Bottom Line, Dipankar, Response Books • Krevolin,	2006
12	Ethics, Business and Society: Managing Responsibly, Gupta, Anand Das Response Books	2010

FYBFM

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Course Code: UC-FFM-106

SR.NO.	Modules/ Units	No. of
		Lectures
1	NATURE OF MANAGEMENT	15
	1.1 Concept and significance of management	
	1.2 Skills of manager	
	1.3 Levels of management	
	1.4 Concept of POSDCORB	
	1.5 Henry Mintzberg Managerial roles	
	1.6 Contingency approach	
	1.7 Modern management theory -Peter Drucker.	
2	PLANNING AND DECISION MAKING	15
	2.1 Planning – meaning and importance	
	2.2 Elements of a plan	
	2.3 Process of planning	
	2.4 Limitations of Planning	
	2.5 MBO, MBE, OGSM model	
	2.6 Decision making – meaning and importance	
	2.7 Process of decision making	
	2.8 Technique of decision making.	

3	ORGANIZING AND STAFFING	15
	3.1 Meaning and concepts of organizing	
	3.2 Structure of an organization (formal and informal, line and staff and matrix)	
	3.3. Advantages and limitations of organising	
	3.4 Meaning of departmentation	
	3.5 Basis and significance of departmentation	
	3.6 Span of control: Meaning and theory	
	3.7 Factors affecting span of control	
	3.8 Centralization v/s decentralization	
	3.9 Delegation: Authority and responsibility relationship	
	3.10 Staffing: Importance	
	3.11 Sources of recruitment	
	3.12 Selection process	
4	DIRECTING, LEADERSHIP, CO-ORDINATION AND	15
	CONTROLLING	
	4.1 Directing: Meaning of Directing	
	4.2 Process of directing	
	4.3 Meaning of Leadership	
	4.4 Qualities of a good leader	
	4.5 Styles of Leadership	
	4.6 Meaning and significance of motivation	

4.7 Motivators	
4.8 Co-ordination: Concept and importance	
4.9 Controlling: Meaning,	
4.10 Process of Controlling	
4.11 Techniques of Controlling	

Self Learning Topics

1.1 Concept and significance of manageme	ent
3.1 Meaning and concepts of organizing	
4.3 Meaning of Leadership	

Online Resources

<u>http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/384</u> - (Select Evolution Theory and Elements of Management from drop down menu)

<u>http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/384</u> - (Select Organising Concept from drop down menu)

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/105/122105021/ (select Introduction to Leadership from drop down menu)

References

Principles of Management - P.C. Tripathi& P.N. Reddy.

- Essentials of Management Weihrich and Koontz.
- Principles of Management L.M. Prasad
- Principles of Management DinkarPagare
- Business Management C.B. Gupta
- Business Management N. Premavathy

• Principles of Management - J. Jayasanka

Unit	Content	No. of Lectu
		res
Ι	Indian Society - Diversity	11
	1.1. Concept of diversity and multiculturalism.	
	1.2.Understand India's social, cultural and regional diversity: ethnicity, religion and	
	language.	
	1.3. State policy, social acceptance and roadblocks towards appreciation and	
	promotion of diversity.	
II	Indian Constitution and Human Rights	12
	2.1. Philosophy, Features and Structure of the Constitution	
	2.2. Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties.	
	2.3. Human Rights and day to day life.	
III	Concept of Disparity	11
	3.1. Issues in gender inequality.	
	3.2. Understand the issues of people with physical and mental disabilities.	
	3.3. Social issues and disabilities.	
IV	Environmental Management	11
	4.1. Meaning and relevance.	
	4.2. Sustainable development: meaning, concept and components.	
	4.3.Environmental movements in India: case studies	

UC-FFM-107 Foundation Course I – Semester –I Subject: Indian Society and State: Contemporary Issues

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс

1	1	Cultural diversity
	2	Universal Declaration of Human Rights
	3	Gender differences and gender roles
	4	Environmental Balance Sheet

http://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/document/QUFaeXV6Um80MWE2ampEOTNJZEIGQjVkRXFRVFI1Z3FwMDhobVlBMkZs YnFHZkh6OWFxcWo4VVAyUnJ1Nnhvcg15

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg/53

http://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/document/QUFaeXV6Um80MWE2ampEOTNJZEIGQjVkRXFRVFI1Z3FwMDhobVlBMkZsYURIMXB0 bFBSZmEzRFpjL2lsN3VOcA

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/241

List of reference books: Semester I

- 1. Ahuja Ram (2014), Social Problems in India, Jaipur:Rawat Publication.
- Bennet, C.J. (1980), "The Morphology of Language Boundaries: Indo-Aryan and Dravidian in peninsular India", Journal of Borderland Studies, Issue 3, Vol.16, Taylor and Francis.
- 3. Chandra Bipan (1984), Communalism in Modern India, Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 4. Chatterjee Sushma (2000) Indian Women from Darkness to Light, Calcutta: Parumita Publications.
- 5. Desai, A.R. (1959), Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- 6. Deshta Sunil, Kashyap Sunita (2014), Fundamental Duties of Citizens. Delhi: Regal Publications.
- 7. Dubey S.C. (2018), 'Indian Society', National Book Trust.
- Furer Christoph Von-Haimendorf (1992), Tribes of India The Struggle for Survival, Berkely: University of California Press.
- Ganesh, Kamala, Thakkar (2005), "Culture and the making of Identity in contemporary India" Usha, Sage Publication, New Delhi,
- 10. Harvey Carol P and Allard June M (2005), Understanding and managing Diversity Readings Cases, and Exercises; New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

- 11. Joshi PC (1989), Culture Communication and Social Change, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 12. Managi and Kumar (2009), The Economics of Sustainable Development: The Case of India, New York: Springer.
- 13. Pattanaik Bikram K (2006), Social and Human Well Being Selected Perspectives; Ambala: The Associated Press.
- 14. Patra, A.D. (2010), Infrastructure, Development and Regional Disparity: An interstate analysis, Indian Economics Association, Deep and Deep Publications.
- 15. Suresh Jayshree, Raghavan, B.S (2003), Human Values and Professional Ethics. New Delhi: S Chand

I Year Semester – II

Summary

	Ch	oice Based Credit System	Subject Code	Remarks
Core Co	urse			
Principles	s of Inves	tment	UC-FFM-201,	
Macro E	conomics	UC-FFM-202		
Elective	Discipli	ne Specific Elective (DSE) Course		
Course				
course	2.1	Financial Accounting II	UC-FFM-203	
	2.2	Business Statistics	UC-FFM-204	
	2.3	Business Environment	UC-FFM-205	
	2.4	Information Technology	UC-FFM-206	
Ability E	nhancen	nent Courses (AEC): Foundation Course-	UC-FFM-207	
II				
	Principles Macro E Elective Course Ability E	Core Course Principles of Inves Macro Economics Elective Course 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 Ability Enhancem	Principles of Investment Macro Economics Disciplic Elective (DSE) Course Elective Disciplic Elective (DSE) Course Course 2.1 Financial Accounting II 2.2 Business Statistics 2.3 Business Environment 2.4 Information Technology Ability Elective (AEC): Foundation Course-	Core Course UC-FFM-201, Principles of Investment UC-FFM-202 Macro Economics UC-FFM-202 Elective Disciples Specific Elective (DSE) Course 2.1 Financial Accounting II 2.2 Business Statistics 2.3 Business Environment 2.4 Information Technology UC-FFM-202 UC-FFM-203

Detail Scheme

Sr.	Subjec	Subject Title	Peri	ods Pe	er W	eek					Seasonal			Tot al
No	t Code									Ev	Evaluation Scheme			Mark
														s
			Unit	S.				Credi	S.				SE	
			S	L.	L	Т	Р		L.	CT	TA	AP	Е	
								t	Е					
	UC-	Financial	4	20					1	15				
1	FFM-	Accounting		%	4	0	0	3	0		10	05	60	100
	201	II		*										
	UC-	Macro	4	20					1	15		05		
2	FFM-	Economics		%	4	0	0	3	0		10		60	100
	202			*										
	UC-	Principles of	4	20					1	15		05		
3	FFM-	Investment		20 %	4	0	0	3	0	10	10	00	60	100
5	203	in vestment		*		Ŭ	Ŭ	5	Ŭ		10		00	100
	205													
	UC-	Business	4	20					1	15		05		
4	FFM-	Statistics		%	4	0	0	3	0		10		60	100
	204			*										
	UC-	Business	4	20					1	15		05		
5	FFM-	Environmen		%	4	0	0	3	0		10		60	100
	205	t		*										
	UC-	Information	4	20					1	15		05		
6	FFM-	technology		%	3	0	1	3	0		10		60	100
	206			*										

	UC-	Foundation	4	20					1			05		
7	FFM-	Course-II		%	2	0	0	2	0	15	10		60	100
/	207	(Human		*	3	0	0	2		15	10		60	100
		skills)												
	Total Hours / Credit							20			Total	Mark	S	700

* Three hours per week to be taken for CONTINUOUS self -learning Evaluation.

• Lecture Duration – 48 Minutes (60 Lectures equivalent to 48 hours)

• One Credit =16

L: Lecture: Tutorials P: Practical Ct-Core Theory, Cp-Core Practical, SLE- Self learning evaluation CT-Commutative Test, SEE- Semester End Examination , TA-Teacher Assessment, AP- Active Participation

S.	Subject		Subject Unit Title	Lect	Total No.	Cre	Total
Ν	Code			ures	of	dit	Marks
	Coue				lectures		
1	UC-FFM-	Ι	Investment overview	15			
	201				-		
		Π	Investment classification	15	60	3	100
		III	Investment analysis	15	-		(60+40)
		IV	Investment process	15			
2	UC-FFM-	Ι	Introduction to macroeconomics: data	15			
	202		and theory		60	3	100
		II	Money, inflation and monetary policy	15			(60+40)
		III	Constituents of fiscal policy	15			
	-	IV	Open economy: theory and issues of	15			
			international trade				
3	UC-FFM-	Ι	Corporate accounting	15			
	203	II	Valuation of goodwill and shares	15	60	3	100
	-	III	Redemption of preference shares and	15	-		(60+40)
			debentures				
		IV	Buyback of equity shares	15			
4	UC-FFM-	Ι	Introduction to statistics	15	60		
	204	II	Measures of dispersion, co-relation &	15	-	3	100
		11	linear regression	15			100
							(60+40)
		III	Time series and index number	15			

First Year Semester – II Units – Topics – Teaching Hours

		IV	Probability and hypothesis testing	15			
5	UC-FFM-	Ι	Business and its environment	15			
	205	II	Business and society	15	60	3	100
		III	PESTEL environment	15	-		(60+40)
		IV	International environment	15	-		
6	UC-FFM-	Ι	Computer basic, networking and internet	15	60	3	100
	206	II	Microsoft office (part i) a) Basic excel b) Ms word c) Ms power point	20			(60+40)
		III	Advanced excel	15			
		IV	Information systems security	10			
7	UC-FFM- 207	Ι	Understanding Human Personality	11	45	2	100
	207	II	Introduction to Group Behaviour	11	- 45	2	(60+40)
		III	Conflict of motives and Stress Management	12			
		IV	Organization Culture and Motivation	11			
			Total			20	700

Lecture Duration – 48 Minutes (60 Lectures equivalent to 48 hours)
One Credit =16 hours

PRINCIPLES OF INVESTMENT

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-201

Sr.	Modules/ Units	No. of
no.		Lectures
1	INVESTMENT OVERVIEW	15
	1.1 Introduction to investment	
	1.2 Investment Avenues	
	1.3 Types of Risk & Return	
	1.4 Investment Terminologies	
2	INVESTMENT CLASSIFICATION	15
	2.1 Economy – Sector – Industry – Company Segmentation (top down and bottom up	
	approach)	
	2.2 Golden Rules of Investments – Warren Buffet	
	2.3 Investment Strategies – Value, Growth, Alternative, Momentum	
3	INVESTMENT ANALYSIS	15
	3.1 Time Value of Money, Rule of 72, Rule of 100	
	3.2 Measures of Central Tendency	
	3.3 Different types of risk and return numerical- (Standard deviation and variance)	
	(HPR, Harmonic, Geometric)	
4.	INVESTMENT PROCESS	15
	4.1 Risk profiling of investor – research	
	4.2 Portfolio Creation	
	4.3 Portfolio Valuation – Sharpe, Treynor, Jenson	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	2	Investment Classification

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/105/110105121/

References:

- 1. The Intelligent Investor by Benjamin Graham
- 2. Common Stocks & Uncommon Profits by Philip A. Fisher
- 3. Learn To Earn by Peter Lynch
- 4. The Warren Buffet Way by Robert Hagstrom
- 5. One Up on Wall Street by Peter Lynch

Macro Economics

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-202

Sr.	Modules/ units	No. of
no.		Lectures
1	INTRODUCTION TO MACROECONOMICS: DATA AND	15
	THEORY	
	1.1 Macroeconomics: Meaning, Scope and Importance	
	1.2 Circular Flow of Aggregate Income and Expenditure: closed and	
	open economy models	

r		1
	1.3 The Measurement of National Product: meaning and importance –	
	conventional and Green GNP and NNP concepts- relationship	
	between national income and economic welfare	
	1.4 Short Run Economic Fluctuations- features and phases of trade	
	cycles	
	1.5 The Keynesian Principle of Effective Demand: Aggregate Demand	
	and Aggregate Supply-Consumption Function – Investment	
	Function – effects of investment multiplier on changes in income	
	and output	
2	MONEY, INFLATION AND MONETARY POLICY	15
	2.1 Money Supply: Determinants of money supply- factors influencing	
	Velocity of Circulation of money	
	2.2 Demand for Money: Classical and Keynesian approaches and	
	Keynes' liquidity theory of interest	
	2.3 Money and prices: Quantity theory of money- Fisher's equation of	
	exchange- Cambridge cash balance approach	
	2.4 Inflation: Demand Pull inflation and Cost push inflation- Effects of	
	inflation – Nature of inflation in a developing economy	
	2.5 Monetary Policy: meaning, objectives, instruments, Inflation	
	Targeting	
3	CONSTITUENTS OF FISCAL POLICY	15
	3.1 Role of a Government to provide public goods- principles of Sound	
	and Functional Finance	
	3.2 Fiscal Policy: meaning, objectives – Contracyclical and	
	Discretionary Fiscal Policy	
	3.3 Instruments of Fiscal Policy: canons of taxation – factors	
	influencing incidence of taxation – effects of taxation. Significance	
	of public expenditure. Public Debt and Fiscal solvency, Burden of	
	debt finance	
	3.4 Union Budget – Structure – Deficit concepts – FRBM Act	
<u> </u>		

4	OPEN ECONOMY: THEORY AND ISSUES OF INTERNATIONAL	15
	TRADE	
	4.1 The basis of International Trade: Ricardo's Theory of Comparative	
	Cost Advantage, - terms of trade – meaning and types- factors	
	determining terms of trade- Gains from trade – Free trade versus	
	Protectionism	
	4.2 Foreign Investments: FDI and FPI, their comparison, merits and	
	demerits of FDI – Globalization and Role of Multinational	
	Corporations, Transnational corporation	
	4.3 Balance of Payments – structure – types of disequilibrium –	
	measures to correct disequilibrium in BOP	
	4.4 Foreign Exchange and Foreign Exchange Markets: Spot and	
	Forward rate of exchange -Hedging, Speculation, Arbitrage – Fixed	
	and Flexible exchange rates – Managed Float exchange rate system	
	4.5 International Organization and Global Environment: Trading blocks	
	, WTO, GATT	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	2	Money
2	4	Globalization

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/104/109104073/#

https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc15/SEM1/noc15-hs08/

References

- Mankiw N. G., Macroeconomics
- Ahuja H. L., Modern Economics—S. Chand Company Ltd. New Delhi
- Dornbush, Fisher and Startz, Macroeconomics--Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- Dwivedi, D.N. (2001), Macro Economics : Theory and Policy, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Financial Accounting-II

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-203

Sr.	Modules/Units	No. of Lectures
no.		
1.	Corporate accounting	15
	 Preparation of corporate financial statements in vertical form schedule 3 Closing ontries and adjustments 	
2.	Closing entries and adjustments Valuation of goodwill and shares	15
	 Valuation of goodwill Future Maintainable profits method, super profit method, capitalization method ,annuity method Valuations of shares Intrinsic value method, yield method and fair value method Indian AS 36 – impairment of assets Indian AS 38 – intangible assets 	
3.	Redemption of preference shares and debentures	15
	 Company law / legal provisions for redemption of preference shares in companies act, sources of redemption including divisible profits and proceeds of fresh issue of shares, premium on redemption from security premium and profits of company. Capital redemption reserve account –creation and use Redemption of debentures by payment from sources including out of capital / or out of profits. Debenture redemption reserve and debenture redemption sinking fund excluding insurance policy Redemption of debentures by conversion into new class of shares or debentures with options – including at par premium and discount. 	15
4.	 Buyback of equity shares Company law / legal provisions (including creation of capital redemption reserve account). Compliance of conditions including sources, maximum limits and debt equity ratio. 	15

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс

1	1	Corporate Accounting(understanding balance sheet and profit and loss items)

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/101/110101131/

References

- Introduction to Accountancy by T.S. Grewal, S. Chand and Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- Advance Accounts by Shukla and Grewal, S. Chand and Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi

• Advanced Accountancy by R.L Gupta and M. Radhaswamy, S. Chand and Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi

• Modern Accountancy by Mukherjee and Hanif, Tata Mc. Grow Hill and Co. Ltd., Mumbai

• Financial Accounting by LesileChandwichk, Pentice Hall of India Adin Bakley (P) Ltd., New Delhi

• Financial Accounting for Management by Dr. Dinesh Harsalekar, Multi-Tech. Publishing Co. Ltd., Mumbai

- Financial Accounting by P.C. Tulsian, Pearson Publications, New Delhi
- Accounting Principles by R.N. Anthony and J.S. Reece, Richard Irwin, Inc

• Financial Accounting by Monga, J.R. Ahuja, Girish Ahuja and Ashok Shehgal, Mayur Paper Back, Noida

- Financial Accounting by Williams, Tata Mc. Grow Hill and Co. Ltd., Mumbai
- Financial Accounting by V. Rajasekaran, Pearson Publications, New Delhi
- Introduction to Financial Accounting by Horngren, Pearson Publications, New Delhi

• Financial Accounting by M. Mukherjee and M. Hanif, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

• Financial Accounting a Managerial Perspective, Varadraj B. Bapat, MehulRaithatha, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Business Statistics

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-204

SR.NO.	Modules/ Units	No. of
		Lectures
1	INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS	15
	1.1 Introduction : Function /Scope, Importance, limitation	
	1.2 Data: Primary & Secondary (Sources & Meaning):	
	Presentation of data: Classification –	
	1.3 Frequency distribution – discrete and continuous tabulation,	
	graph (Frequency polygon and curve, bar diagrams(3types),	
	pie chart, histogram, ogives)	
	1.4 Measures of Central tendency: Mean (AM, weighted,	
	combined), Median (Calculation & graphical using ogives),	
	Mode (calculation & Graphical using histogram),	
	Comparative analysis of all measures of tendency. Empirical	
	formula	
2	MEASURES OF DISPERSION, CO-RELATION & LINEAR	15
	REGRESSION	
	2.1 Measures of dispersion: absolute and relative measures.	
	Range & Co-efficient of range, Quartile deviation &	
	coefficient of QD, MD and co-efficient of MD, Standard	
	deviation, co-efficient of variation, combined standard	
	deviation, skewness and kurtosis (concept only)	
	2.2 Co-relation: Karl Pearson coefficient of correlation,	
	spearmen's coefficient of correlation (rank correlation)	
	2.3 Linear regression: Least square method	
3	TIME SERIES AND INDEX NUMBER	15
	3.1 Time Series: Moving averages method, fitting trend line	
	using least square method	

	3.2 Index numbers: Simple (unweighted), aggregate method,	
	weighted aggregate method, Simple average of price	
	relatives, chain base index numbers, base shifting, splicing	
	and deflating, cost of living index number, Real income	
4	PROBABILITY AND HYPOTHESIS TESTING	15
	4.1 Permutations & Combinations (Basic intro)	
	4.2 Probability : Concept of sample space, concept of event,	
	definition of probability, addition and multiplication laws,	
	conditional probability, Baye's theorem(only concept),	
	Expectation & Variance, concept of probability	
	distribution(only concept)	
	4.3 Hypothesis testing: Introduction, One tailed test, two tailed	
	test, Z test, T test, F test.(only theory)	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. N	lo Ui	nit	Торіс
1	4	4	Probability

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/102/111102111/	
https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-introduction-to-probability-and-statistics-1766	5

References

- Statistics for Management Levin, Richard and David S. Rubin Prentice Hall of India.
- Practical Business Statistics'', Siegel, Andrew F International Edition
- Basic Business Statistics: Concepts and Applications Berenson and Levine Prentice Hall.
- Statistics: Concepts and Applications Frank, Harry and Steven C. Althoen,
- Statistical Methods Gupta, S.P., and Archana Gupta, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- Lectures in Business Statistics , Dhingra, I.C., and M.P. Gupta Sultan Chand
- . Fundamentals of Statistics'', Gupta, S.C Himalaya Publishing House.

FYBFM

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

COURSE CODE: UC-FFM-205

Sr.	Modules/ Units	No. of
no.		Lectures
1	BUSINESS AND ITS ENVIRONMENT	15
	1.1 Introduction to business: concepts, function, scope, significance.	
	1.2 Objectives, dynamics of business and its environment. Types of business environment.	
	1.3 Environment analysis: Importance, factors PESTEL, SWOC,	
	1.4 Introduction to Internal Environment: Value system, Mission, Objectives,	
	Organizational Structure, Organizational Resources, Company Image, Brand	
	Equity	
	1.5 Introduction to External Environment :	
	1.5.1 Micro Environment: Firm, customers, suppliers, distributors,	
	Competitors, Society	
	1.5.2 Macro Components: Demographic, Natural, Political, Social, Cultural,	
	Economic, Technological, International and Legal	
	1.6 Latest Trends in Business , Introduction to Industry 4.0, VUCA	
2	BUSINESS AND SOCIETY	15
	2.1 Business Ethics: Nature and Scope of Ethics, Ethical Dilemmas, Corporate	
	Culture and Ethical Climate	
	2.2 Impact of business on Private sector, Public sector and Joint sector	
	2.3 Development of Business Entrepreneurship: Entrepreneurship and Economic	
	Development, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development	
	(MSMED) Act, 2006 (Amended in 2020), Entrepreneurship as a Career	
	Option	

	2.4 Consumerism and Consumer Protection: Consumerism in India, Consumer	
	Protection Act 1986	
3	PESTEL Environment	15
	3.1 Political Institutions: Legislature, Executive, Judiciary Role of government in	
	Business Legal framework in India	
	3.2 Economic environment: economic system and economic policies	
	3.3 Sun-rise sectors of India Economy. Challenges of Indian economy.	
	3.4 Social Audit: Evolution of Social Audit, Benefits of Social Audit, Social	
	Audit v/s Commercial Audit	
	3.5 Technological environment: Features, impact of technology on Business	
	3.6 Competitive Environment: Meaning, Michael Porter's Five Forces Analysis,	
	Competitive Strategies	
	3.7 Corporate Social Responsibility and Corporate Governance: Social	
	Responsibility of Business,	
	3.8 Ecology and Business, Carbon Credit	
4	INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT	15
	4.1 Strategies for going Global: MNCs and TNCs, GATT/WTO, TRIPS &	
	TRIMS and other agreements	
	4.2 Globalization: Meaning, Nature and stages of Globalization, features of	
	Globalization,	
	4.3 Foreign Trade in India- Balance of Trade	
	4.4 FDI: Meaning, FDI concepts and functions, Need for FDI in developing	
	countries, Factors influencing FDI, FDI operations in India,	
	4.5 Challenges faced by International Business and Investment Opportunities for	
	Indian Industry	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	1	Business and its environment

2	1	Environment analysis: Importance
3	3	Technological environment: Features, impact of technology on Business
4	4	MNCs: Definition, meaning, merits, demerits

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/389 http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/389_Select Concept, Significance and nature of business environment from drop down menu)

References:

- 1. The Intelligent Investor by Benjamin Graham
- 2. Common Stocks & Uncommon Profits by Philip A. Fisher
- 3. Learn To Earn by Peter Lynch
- 4. Irrational Exuberance by Robert J. Shiller
- 5. Business and society Lokanathan and Lakshmi Rajan, Emerald Publishers.
- 6. Economic Environment of Business M. Adhikary, Sultan Chand & Sons
- 7. International Business Enviornment (2015)Dr. S. Porkodi and Dr. Ansarul Haque

Course Code: UC-FFM-206 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Content	No. of Lectu res
Ι	 Computer basic, Networking and Internet Types of computer, Input output devices, Hardware and software Networking (LAN,MAN, WAN, SAN, PAN)Architecture of Networking (peer – 2 – Peer, Client Server) Layer of networking (TCP / IP). Model of TCP/IP layer, OSI layer and its modes. Concepts of Internet, Intranet, Extranet Concept of Domain, Hosting a website on the server. Blogs ,Working of blogs ,Web Browser and knowing various browsers Searching information on Internet, Understanding Searching Internet Mail, Creating an Internet Email Account, Configuring the Internet Email in MS-Outlook/Outlook Express Writing Professional Emails 	15

II	Microsoft Office (Part I)	20
	MS Office	
	MS-WORD	
	• Creating, Editing, Printing Documents Page Layout, Formatting Text, Tab	
	Setting, Paragraph Setting Working with Tables, Clip Art, Graphics,	
	Word-Art Spelling & Grammar, Thesaurus, AutoCorrect Using Mail-	
	Merge	
	MS-EXCEL	
	Excel basic DATA TYPE (Arithmetic, Text, Date, Logical) Functions	
	Function : -Arithmetic – Sum(), Average(), Count(), Min(), Max(),	
	Round(), Int(), Text - Left(), Right(), Mid() Date - Date(), Month(),	
	Year(), Day(), Weekday(),today() Logical – If(), Sumif(), sumifs(),	
	countifs() Countif(), And(), Or() Data Sorting & Filtering	
	Linking worksheets	
	MS POWERPOINT	
	Creating presentation using master slide concept Photo album Adding	
	timer to the presentation Adding audio and video in presentation Creating,	
	Editing, Printing Presentations Inserting excel in PowerPoint Teary effect	
	to an image Slide Transition, slide Animation Hyperlinks within	
	Presentations	
III	Advanced Excel	15
	• WHAT IF ANALYSIS: goal seek , scenario analysis, data tables ,solver tool	
	• LOGICAL FUCNTIONS : IF function ,how to fix errors , Nested IF, Complex IF	
	and OR Function	
	• DATA VALIDATION : Number Date and Time validation, Text and List	
	Validation Custom Validation Dynamic Drop down list creation	
	• LOOK UP FUNCTION : V look up , H look up ,Nested V look up Reverse Look	
	up, DIVOT TABLE : Creating Simple Divot Table Basic and Advanced Value Field	
	 PIVOT TABLE : Creating Simple Pivot Table ,Basic and Advanced Value Field Setting ,Classic Pivot Table 	

• ARRAYS FUNCTION: Use of Array Formula, Basic Example of Array, Array with Look Up Function advanced use of Formula with array
CHARTS AND SLICERS: Various Charts (BAR PIE AND LINE), Filter Data
with Slicers, Manage primary and secondary access
• EXCEL DASH BOARD: Planning a Dash Board, Adding Tables and Charts to
Dash board Adding Dynamic Contents to Dash Board
Information Systems Security
• Threats to Computer systems and control measures. Types of threats Virus,
hacking, phishing, spyware, spam, physical threats (fire, flood, earthquake,
vandalism) Threat Management
Definition, Measuring IT Risk, Risk Mitigation and Management
Security on the internet
• Network and website security risks Website Hacking and Issues therein. Security
and Email
• E-Business Risk Management Issues Firewall concept and component, Benefits
of Firewall • Understanding and defining Enterprise wide security framework
• Information Security Environment in India with respect to real Time
Application in Business Types of Real Time Systems, Distinction between Real
Time, On – line and Batch Processing System. Real Time Applications viz.
Railway / Airway / Hotel Reservation System, ATMs, EDI Transactions -
definition, advantages,
Threat Hunting Software

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):						
Sr. No	Unit	Торіс				
		1				
1	3	Information Systems Security				

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/what-is-information-security/

https://bus206.pressbooks.com/chapter/chapter-6-information-systems-security/

https://www.exabeam.com/information-security/information-security/

References

- Fundamentals of Computers- Rajaram V- Prentice Hall
- Computers Today- Sanders, Donald- Mc Graw Hill

- Computers- Subramaniam N- wheeler
- Computers in Business- Saners D Mc Graw hills
- Woody Leonhard, using Microsoft Office, Pearson
- PCSoftware Made Simple-R.K.Taxali
- Office 2013 complete reference Stephen L.Nelson
- Quick course in Micro-soft office Joyce Cox, Polly Orban
- Mastering Office 2013 GimiCouster
- Rajkamal, Internet and web Technologies, Tata McGraw Hill (2013)
- Advanced excel essentials , Jordan Goldmeier

Course Code: UC-FFM-207 Foundation Course II– Semester –II Subject: Human Personality and Society

Unit	Content	No. of Lectu res
Ι	Understanding Human Personality	11
	 1.1.Meaning and types of personality. 1.2.Agents of socialization: Family, school, peers, reference groups, media and nation. 1.3. Thinking styles and theories of learning and factors influencing individual perception. 	
II	Introduction to group behaviour	11
	 2.1.Group dynamics – types and group behavior model. 2.2.Team building – types and features 3.3. Leadership – styles of leadership and qualities of a good leader. 	
III	Conflict of motives and stress management	12
	3.1 Conflict of motives: Types, causes and effects.3.2 Resolution of conflict and conflict management3.3 Understanding and managing stress: Types, causes, effects and coping mechanisms.	
IV	Organizational culture and motivation	11
	4.1. Organizational culture: characteristics, types, functions.	
	4.2. Ways of creating and maintaining effective organizational culture.	
	4.3.Concept and theories of motivation.	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sr. No	Unit	Торіс
1	1	Understanding Self and self-image

Γ	2	2	Effective group communication
	3	3	Reaction to Stress
	3	4	Barriers of organizational culture: Issues in health and hygiene

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/229

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/384

http://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/document/QUFaeXV6Um80MWE2ampEOTNJZElGQW80NGF1cy90MH k5dmQyUTVwVkVwY2tSTEVURytPMjhzUnpFUUpnY3ArNQ

http://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/document/QUFaeXV6Um80MWE2ampEOTNJZEIGQW80NGF1cy90MH k5dmQyUTVwVkVwY200NX1LT0lhT29zUm12Y1Nma3NlVg

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/121/105/121105009

https://freevideolectures.com/course/4807/nptel-stress-

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_pg.php/384

References:

- Bhatnagar, Mamta and Bhatnagar, Nitin.(2011). Effective Communication and Soft Skills. New Delhi, Pearson India.
- K. Aswathappa, Organisational behaviour, Himalaya Publishing House.
- Koontz, Harold, Essentials of Management, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Robbins, Stephen T. Robbins, Timothy A. Judge, Hasahm, Elham S. Organisational Behaviour, Prentice Hall.
- Suresh Jayshree, Raghavan, B.S. (2003), Human Values and Professional Ethics, New Delhi: S Chand.
- John W. Newstrom and Keith Davis, Organisational Behaviour, Tata McGraw-Hill